

## ● ENGLSKI ZA RADOZNALE

### Malo „mozganja“, malo vežbanja

#### Think and answer

Where is the speaker?

Write the correct word under each sentence.

bookshop    library    police station  
cafe        market    post office  
farm        museum    station  
hotel

1. Look at these animals. Aren't they nice?  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. How much are these books, please?  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Can I borrow these books, please?  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Let's have a drink.  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Two first class stamps, please.  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. Two to London, please.  
\_\_\_\_\_
7. How much are these pears, please?  
\_\_\_\_\_
8. Can you help me, please? My dog's lost.  
\_\_\_\_\_
9. Let's look at these old cars.  
\_\_\_\_\_
10. Have you got a double room, please, for Friday?  
\_\_\_\_\_

(Key: 1. farm; 2. bookshop; 3. library; 4. cafe; 5. post office; 6. station;  
7. market; 8. police station; 9. museum; 10. hotel)

### Complete these sentences

Example: A crocodile is a kind of animal.

1. An eagle is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.
2. A shark is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.
3. A parrot is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.
4. A spade is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.
5. An elm is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.
6. A spanner is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.
7. A hammer is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.
8. A birch is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.
9. A mouse is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.

(Key: 1. bird; 2. fish; 3. bird; 4. tool; 5. tree; 6. tool; 7. tool; 8. tree; 9. animal)

### Put in *the* where it is needed

1. \_\_\_\_\_ Trafalgar Square
2. \_\_\_\_\_ Houses of Parliament
3. \_\_\_\_\_ Tower of London
4. \_\_\_\_\_ Buckingham Palace
5. \_\_\_\_\_ Bank of England
6. \_\_\_\_\_ Victoria Station
7. \_\_\_\_\_ River Thames
8. \_\_\_\_\_ Oxford Circus
9. \_\_\_\_\_ Westminster Abbey
10. \_\_\_\_\_ London Zoo
11. \_\_\_\_\_ City (of London)
12. \_\_\_\_\_ London Airport
13. \_\_\_\_\_ Globe (Theatre)
14. \_\_\_\_\_ High Street
15. \_\_\_\_\_ Hyde Park
16. \_\_\_\_\_ London Bridge
17. \_\_\_\_\_ Piccadilly Circus
18. \_\_\_\_\_ National Gallery
19. \_\_\_\_\_ British Museum
20. \_\_\_\_\_ Madame Tussaud's

(Key: *The* is needed in 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 18,19)

## Matching

Match the sentence halves.

### I

1. An architect...
  2. An auctioneer...
  3. An editor...
  4. An estate agent...
  5. An interior decorator...
  6. An optician...
  7. An undertaker...
- 
- a) ...sells valuable objects at an auction.
  - b) ...helps people buy and sell houses.
  - c) ...tests people's eyes and sells glasses.
  - d) ...designs buildings.
  - e) ...prepares books, newspapers etc. for publication.
  - f) ...designs the inside of houses, hotels etc.
  - g) ...makes arrangements for funerals.

(Key: I 1d; 2a; 3e; 4b; 5f; 6c; 7g)

### II

1. A bricklayer...
2. A butcher...
3. A chauffeur...
4. A chef...
5. A chiropodist...
6. A civil servant...
7. A clown...
8. A curator...
9. A diplomat...
10. A docker...
11. A dustman...
12. A fishmonger...
13. A florist...
14. A jockey...
15. A librarian...
16. A midwife...
17. A miner...

18. A newsagent...
19. A reporter...
20. A secretary...
21. A surgeon...
22. A traffic warden...
23. A typist...
24. A vet...
25. A window dresser...
26. A winegrower...

- a) ...sells meat.
- b) ...treats people's feet.
- c) ...represents his/her country at an embassy.
- d) ...sells flowers from a shop.
- e) ...works in a library.
- f) ...sells newspapers and magazines from a shop.
- g) ...writes for a newspaper.
- h) ...controls parking and parking metres.
- i) ...makes brick buildings and walls.
- j) ...types letters in an office.
- k) ...works in a government ministry.
- l) ...treats sick animals.
- m) ...makes people laugh at a circus.
- n) ...collects rubbish from people's houses.
- o) ...arranges shop-window displays.
- p) ...runs a museum.
- q) ...drives someone's car for them.
- r) ...sells fish from a shop.
- s) ...delivers babies.
- t) ...loads and unloads ships in a port.
- u) ...cooks in a restaurant or hotel.
- v) ...operates on sick people.
- w) ...rides racehorses.
- x) ...gets coal from under the ground.
- y) ...deals with office correspondence and records.
- z) ...grows grapes and makes wine from them.

(Key: II 1i; 2a; 3q; 4u; 5b; 6k; 7m; 8p; 9c; 10t; 11n; 12r; 13d; 14w; 15e; 16s; 17x; 18f; 19g; 20y; 21v; 22h; 23j; 24l; 25o; 26z)

## Give the opposites

bad, big, boring, cheap, cheerful, clean, cold, **crooked**, difficult, dirty, dry, easy, expensive, far, fat, good, heavy, high, hot, low, interesting, large, light, little, long, narrow, near, new, old, rich, rough, poor, serious, short (2x), slim, small (2x), smooth, **straight**, strong, tall, thick, thin, weak, wet, wide, young

Example: **straight – crooked**

1. bad –
2. big –
3. cheap –
4. cold –
5. dirty –
6. easy –
7. far –
8. fat –
9. heavy –
10. interesting –
11. large –
12. long –
13. low –
14. old –
15. rich –
16. rough –
17. serious –
18. strong –
19. tall –
20. thick –
21. wet –
22. wide –

(**Key:** 1. bad-good; 2. big-small/little; 3. cheap-expensive; 4. cold-hot; 5. dirty-clean; 6. easy-difficult; 7. far-near; 8. fat-slim; 9. heavy-light; 10. interesting-boring; 11. large-small; 12. long-short; 13. low-high; 14. old-young/new; 15. rich-poor; 16. rough-smooth; 17. serious-cheerful; 18. strong-weak; 19. tall-short; 20. thick-thin; 21. wet-dry; 22. wide-narrow)

## Odd man out

Tick the word which does not belong to the list below. Tell us why.

1. ant = mrav
2. bee = pčela
3. bumblebee = bumbar
4. butterfly = leptir
5. cockchafer = gundelj
6. cockroach = bubašvaba
7. cricket = cvrčak
8. dragonfly = vilinski konjic
9. flea = buva
10. glow-worm = svitac, kresnica
11. grasshopper = skakavac
12. housefly = kućna muva
13. ladybird = bubamara
14. louse = vaška, vaš
15. mosquito = komarac
16. moth = noćni leptir, leptirica; moljac
17. praying mantis = bogomoljka
18. silkworm = svilena buba
19. spider = pauk
20. wasp = osa, zolja

(**Key:** Number 19; spider = any of many kinds of small 8-legged creatures which make silk threads, sometimes into nets for catching insects to eat; arachnid; arachnids/arachnidae = the class of insect-like animals with 8 legs that includes spiders and scorpions)

## Explain the difference between...

1. overcooked, undercooked and raw
2. a chef and a caterer
3. a cafe and a canteen

(**Key:** 1. overcooked = cooked too much; undercooked = not cooked enough; raw = uncooked; 2. a chef cooks in a restaurant or hotel; a caterer offers a service providing food and drink for special occasions; 3. a cafe = a restaurant offering simple meals and snacks; a canteen = a restaurant in a factory, office, school etc.)

